# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2015

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE

# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

# YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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# **CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE**

# ROSTER OF PUBLICLY ELECTED OFFICIALS AND MANAGEMENT

# **JUNE 30, 2015**

# **PUBLICLY ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Robert E. Shutt Mayor

Blake White Vice-Mayor

David Carroll Commissioner

Kent Collier Commissioner

Wes Wilkerson Commissioner

# **MANAGEMENT**

Garry Welch City Manager

C. Seth Sumner Assistant City Manager

Brinn Roten City Recorder

CMFO designee

Virgil Morris Utilities Director

Gary Will Police Chief

Stephen Hudson Acting Fire Chief

Terry Phillips Superintendent of Public Works

Larry Arendall Director of Parks and Recreation

Roger Franks Community Development Director

Tom Smith Project Manager

Dennis Plunk City Attorney



Phone 731,925,6547 Fax 731,925,9524

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Mayor and Board of Commissioners City of Savannah, Tennessee Savannah, Tennessee 38372

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Savannah, Tennessee (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Solid Waste Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 4.A., the City has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement 27. The City also adopted the provisions of Governmental Standards Accounting Board (GASB) Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of changes in net pension liability (asset) and related ratios based on participation in the public employee pension plan of TCRS, and schedule of contributions based on participation in the public employee pension plan of TCRS on pages 5 through 11 and 50 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and other supplemental information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, other supplemental information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for that which has been marked "uaudited", has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, other supplemental information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, except for that which has been marked "unaudited", are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, the AWWA Free Water Audit Software: Reporting Worksheet, and the AWWA Free Water Audit Software: System Attributes and Performance Indicators – "unaudited" have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated February 10, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with

certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hoderin : Associets, PLLC

February 10, 2016

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

As management of the City of Savannah, Tennessee, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$36,652,485 (net position). Of this amount, \$12,855,648 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$2,184,519 or 6.3%.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,301,419, an increase of 5.4% in comparison with the prior year's total of \$7,878,182. Approximately, 80% of this amount (\$6,661,644) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The City's total long-term debt decreased by \$644,642 from principal payments on outstanding debt.
- The City had no deficit fund balances at year end.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplemental information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements**. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, health, welfare and recreation, and debt service. The business-type activities of the City include Gas, Sewer, and Water Authorities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate industrial development corporation for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 – 13 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and solid waste fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds – Police Drug Fund and Debt Service Sinking Fund –are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplemental information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, solid waste, police drug fund, and debt service sinking fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 – 24 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Gas, Sewer, and Water Funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Gas, Sewer, and Water Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 – 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 - 49 of this report.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplemental information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 50 - 52.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 53 - 56.

Supplementary schedules required by the Comptroller of the State of Tennessee can be found on pages 57 – 66.

# **Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$34,848,929, at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, net position changed as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Current and other assets	\$ 9,778,421	\$ 9,005,085	\$ 8,979,158	\$ 8,290,088	\$ 18,757,579	\$ 17,295,173		
Capital Assets	11,114,920	10,183,175	24,146,125	24,610,500	35,261,045	34,793,675		
Total Assets	20,893,341	19,188,260	33,125,283	32,900,588	54,018,624	52,088,848		
Total deferred outflows								
of resources	106,258	-	81,237		187,495			
Long term liabilities	4,051,993	4,212,607	11,134,151	11,624,704	15,186,144	15,837,311		
Other liabilities	207,493	133,663	449,156	414,735	656,649	548,398		
Total Liabilities	4,259,486	4,346,270	11,583,307	12,039,439	15,842,793	16,385,709		
Total deferred inflows								
of resources	1,340,273	854,190	370,568		1,710,841	854,190		
Net Position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	7,454,620	6,362,261	13,138,170	13,115,085	20,592,790	19,477,346		
Restricted	1,507,188	1,507,188	1,696,859	1,734,228	3,204,047	3,241,416		
Unrestricted	6,438,032	6,118,351	6,417,616	6,011,816	12,855,648	12,130,167		
Total Net Position	\$ 15,399,840	\$ 13,987,800	\$ 21,252,645	\$ 20,861,129	\$ 36,652,485	\$ 34,848,929		

A portion of the City's net position (56%) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and vehicles) less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (9%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$12,855,648 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

**Governmental Activities.** During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$1,628,427 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$15,399,840. The revenues for the City's governmental activities increased by 32.5% (\$561,059), while total expenses increased by 10.7% (\$939,700).

**Business-type Activities.** For the City's business-type activities, the results for the current fiscal year were positive in that overall net position increased to reach an ending balance of \$21,252,645. The total increase in net position for business-type activities was \$556,092 or 2.67% from the prior fiscal year. All three utility funds had a positive change in net position for the year.

The following schedule presents a summary of the City's operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 with comparative totals for year ended June 30, 2014.

## CITY OF SAVANNAH'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Government	al /	Activities	Business-typ	ness-type Activities			Total Primary	Gov	Government	
		2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
Revenues:												
Program Revenues:												
Fees, fines and												
charges for services	\$	1,109,272	\$	1,067,849	\$	7,279,173	\$	7,830,401	\$	8,388,445	\$	8,898,250
Operating grants & contributions		213,937		260,638		64,000		-		277,937		260,638
Capital grants & contributions		964,413		398,076		-		-		964,413		398,076
General Revenues:												
Property taxes		999,023		991,771		-		-		999,023		991,771
Sales taxes		7,812,069		8,204,369		-		-		7,812,069		8,204,369
Investment earnings		27,796		27,344		16,176		21,866		43,972		49,210
Employee paid premiums		-		21,185		-		-		-		21,185
Pension income		12,741		-		9,689		-		22,430		-
Insurance recovery		4,536		-		-		-		4,536		-
Rental income		-		-		27,600		29,880		27,600		29,880
Gain (loss) on sale												
of capital assets		5,862		(4,040)		16,296		-		22,158		(4,040)
Donations		-		30,000		-		-		-		30,000
Operating transfer in		130,848		129,323		(130,848)		(129,323)		-		-
Miscellaneous		33,655		18,616		-		-		33,655		18,616_
Total revenues	_	11,314,152	_	11,145,131		7,282,086		7,752,824		18,596,238		18,897,955
Expenses:												
General government												
and administration		4,541,861		4,338,690		-		-		4,541,861		4,338,690
Public safety		2,147,386		2,019,345		-		-		2,147,386		2,019,345
Public works		2,034,975		1,639,049		-		_		2,034,975		1,639,049
Health, welfare												
and recreation		852,531		673,985		-		-		852,531		673,985
Economic development		38,396		-		-		-		38,396		-
Debt service		66,241		70,648		-		-		66,241		70,648
Miscellaneous		4,335		4,308		-		-		4,335		4,308
Natural gas		-		-		3,016,818		3,489,473		3,016,818		3,489,473
Sewer		-		-		2,495,889		2,570,626		2,495,889		2,570,626
Water		-		-		1,213,287		1,226,104		1,213,287		1,226,104
Total expenses		9,685,725		8,746,025		6,725,994		7,286,203		16,411,719		16,032,228
Increase in net position												
before transfers		1,628,427		2,399,106		556,092		466,621		2,184,519		2,865,727
Net position - beginning, original		13,987,800		11,688,617		20,861,129		21,055,877		34,848,929		32,744,494
Restatement - GASB No. 68		(216,387)		-		(164,576)		-		(380,963)		-
Prior period adjustment				(99,923)		<u>-</u>		(661,369)		<u> </u>		(761,292)
Net position - beginning, restated	_	13,771,413		11,588,694		20,696,553		20,394,508		34,467,966		31,983,202
Net position - ending	\$	15,399,840	\$	13,987,800	\$	21,252,645	\$	20,861,129	\$	36,652,485	\$	34,848,929

# **Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds**

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or

individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City's Board of Commissioners.

At June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,301,419, a 5.37% increase in comparison with the prior year. Approximately, 80% of this amount (\$6,312,737) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable or restricted* to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$97,092) or 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$1,542,683).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$6,661,644, while total fund balance increased to \$6,759,349.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased \$387,742 during the current fiscal year.

The Solid Waste Fund, a major fund, had a \$38,803 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year. This is comparable to the prior year increase.

The Police Drug Fund, a nonmajor fund, had a \$3,308 decrease in fund balance during the current year.

The Debt Service Fund, a nonmajor fund, had no change in fund balance in the current year.

The following schedule presents a summary of general and special revenue funds' expenditures and revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to the prior year.

Revenues	Jı	ıne 30, 2015	Percent of Total	Increase (Decrease) from June 30, 2014		Percent Increase (Decrease)
Taxes	\$	7,609,086	68.11%	\$	(222,368)	-2.84%
Intergovernmental		2,389,271	21.39%		354,048	17.40%
Charges for services		1,048,973	9.39%		27,493	2.69%
Other revenues		123,810	1.11%		(4,961)	-3.85%
Total Revenues	\$	11,171,140	100.00%	\$	154,212	1.40%

The decrease in tax revenue is primarily due to decreased local sales taxes, while the increase in intergovernmental revenues is due to increased grant revenues.

Expenditures	June 30, 2015	Percent of Total	Increase (Decrease) from June 30, 2014	Percent Increase (Decrease)
General government	\$ 4,521,328	41.54%	\$ 209,247	4.85%
Public safety	1,996,934	18.35%	107,278	5.68%
Public works	1,915,383	17.60%	471,313	32.64%
Health, welfare and recreation	654,584	6.01%	54,828	9.14%
Economic development	38,396	0.35%	38,396	N/A
Miscellanous	4,335	0.04%	27	0.63%
Capital outlay	1,519,514	13.96%	(1,367,578)	-47.37%
Debt service	234,139	2.15%	8,362	3.70%
Total Expenditures	\$ 10,884,613	100.00%	\$ (478,127)	-4.21%

Overall, the City's expenditures decreased during the year. The main decrease was in capital outlay. The City had a large capital outlay project in the prior year. There were no expenditures in Economic development in the prior year.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Gas Fund at the end of the year was \$7,307,973. The change in net position for the fund was \$122,950 compared to \$362,440 in the prior year. Operating revenues and expenses slightly decreased over the year. The decrease in operating revenues and expense was mainly due to natural gas purchases.

Unrestricted net position of the Sewer Fund at the end of the year was \$5,876,868. The change in net position for the fund was \$157,137 compared to \$2,836 in the prior year. Operating revenue increased slightly and expenses remained relatively the same over the year.

Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund at the end of the year was \$8,067,804. The change in net position for the fund was \$276,005 compared to \$101,345 in the prior year. Operating revenues and expenses increased slightly over the year.

# **COMPONENT UNIT**

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB 14) requires that certain organizations affiliated with the primary government be reported as component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The nature and significance of component units are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component unit for the City of Savannah is the Savannah Industrial Development Corporation.

A summary of the City's component unit operations follows:

Savannah Industrial Development Corporation						
	2015	2014				
\$	125,811	\$	128,340			
	684		5,864			
	126,495		134,204			
	122,634		124,776			
	3,861		9,428			
	331,089		321,661			
	-		-			
	331,089		321,661			
\$	334,950	\$	331,089			
	Ф.	\$ 125,811 684 126,495 122,634 3,861 331,089 - 331,089	2015 \$ 125,811 684 126,495 122,634 3,861 331,089			

Complete financial statements of SIDC may be obtained from the Savannah Industrial Development Corporation, c/o Steve Bunnell, 495 Main Street, Savannah, TN 38372.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Original budget compared to final budget. Over the course of the year, the City did not amend the budget.

A review of actual expenditures compared to the appropriations in the final budget yields no significant variance.

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015, amounts to \$35,261,045 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets police and fire equipment, buildings, parks facilities, water and sewer lines, natural gas lines, and various other equipment. The total increase in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation for the current fiscal year was

\$2,098,574, or 6%. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3.C. on page 36 of this report.

**Long-term Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$15,186,144 in outstanding long-term debt. Of the total outstanding debt, 27% belongs to the Governmental funds, 4% to the Gas fund, 20% to the Sewer Fund, and 49% to the Water Fund.

The City's total debt decreased by \$651,157 (4.1%) during the current fiscal year. The reason for the decrease was routine principal payments.

# **Requests of Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Recorder, 140 Main Street, Savannah, Tennessee.

Brinn Roten City Recorder

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

		_						ponent Unit
				y Government				ndustrial
		overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total		velopment orporation
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Total		эгрогацоп
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,755,244	\$	3,863,206	\$	7,618,450	\$	255,503
Investments	Ψ	3,550,000	Ψ	2,473,136	Ψ	6,023,136	Ψ	52,500
Receivables:		3,330,000		2,473,130		0,023,130		32,300
Property taxes		985,925				985,925		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		55,649		206,526		262,175		-
•		865,793		200,520		865,793		-
Due from other governments		•		10.057		•		-
Grant receivable		88,068		19,057		107,125		-
Other receivables		98,344		18,896		117,240		400.005
Leases receivable		-		-		-		109,635
Notes receivable, net of allowance		-		-		-		18,333
Natural gas storage		- (4 0)		243,994		243,994		-
Internal balances		(1,277)		1,277		-		-
Inventory		<del>-</del>		207,339		207,339		-
Prepaid expenses		97,092		33,185		130,277		-
Net pension asset		283,583		215,683		499,266		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		946,859		946,859		-
Investments		-		750,000		750,000		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								
Nondepreciable		2,930,396		852,399		3,782,795		-
Depreciable		8,184,524		23,293,726		31,478,250		8,621
TOTAL ASSETS	Name of the last o	20,893,341		33,125,283		54,018,624		444,592
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pension		106,258		81,237		187,495		_
Beleffed outflows related to pension		100,200		01,207		107,400		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		207,493		89,732		297,225		7
Customer deposits		201,495		359,424		359,424		,
Long-term liabilities:		<u>-</u>		339,424		559,424		-
<u> </u>		169 010		404.000		662.010		20.055
Due within one year		168,010		494,000		662,010		39,855
Due in more than one year		3,883,983		10,640,151	-	14,524,134		69,780
TOTAL LIABILITIES	•	4,259,486		11,583,307		15,842,793		109,642
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		853,044		-		853,044		-
Deferred inflows related to pension		487,229		370,568		857,797		_
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,340,273		370,568		1,710,841		-
NET POSITION								
		7.454.000		40 400 470		20 502 700		
Net investment in capital assets		7,454,620		13,138,170		20,592,790		-
Restricted for:				4 000 000		4 000 000		
Construction		-		1,696,859		1,696,859		-
Debt service		25,874		-		25,874		26,250
Drug fund		51,394		-		51,394		-
Police fines		613		-		613		-
Solid waste		1,429,307		-		1,429,307		<del>-</del>
Unrestricted		6,438,032		6,417,616		12,855,648		308,700
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	15,399,840	\$	21,252,645	<u>\$</u>	36,652,485	\$	334,950

# CITY OF SAVANNAH GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2015

**NET (EXPENSES) REVENUE** AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION **PROGRAM REVENUES** Component Unit Fees, Fines and Capital Industrial Operating Grants and Governmental **Business-type** Development Charges for Grants and **Program Activities** Expenses Services Contributions Contributions **Activities Activities** Total Corporation Governmental activities: General Government \$ 4,541,861 \$ 22,660 \$ 3,500 \$ (4,515,701) \$ \$ (4,515,701) 43,439 Public Safety 2,147,386 18,600 (2,064,004)(2,064,004)21,343 Public Works 2,034,975 908,404 184,337 943,070 836 836 (710,262) Health, Welfare and Recreation 852,531 134,769 7,500 (710, 262)Economic development (38,396) (38, 396)38,396 (4,335)(4,335)Miscellaneous 4,335 (66, 241)Interest on long-term debt 66,241 (66, 241)(7,398,103) 1,109,272 213,937 964,413 (7,398,103)Total governmental-type activities 9,685,725 Business-type activities: Gas Fund 3,016,818 3,166,100 22,679 171,961 171,961 Water Fund 2,745,744 20,582 270.437 270,437 2,495,889 174,781 Sewer Fund 20,739 174,781 1,213,287 1,367,329 Total business-type activities 617,179 617,179 6,725,994 7,279,173 64,000 Total primary government 16,411,719 8,388,445 277,937 964,413 (7,398,103)617,179 \$ (6,780,924) Component unit: Industrial Development Corporation 122,634 110,000 (12,634)General revenues: Taxes: 900,265 900,265 Property 98,758 98,758 In-lieu of taxes Sales 7,708,747 7,708,747 Public service taxes 103,322 103,322 Investment earnings 27,796 16.176 43.972 6,793 Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital assets 5,862 16,296 22,158 Insurance recoveries 4,536 4,536 Pension income 12,741 9,689 22,430 Rent income 27,600 27,600 33.655 33,655 9,702 Miscellaneous (130,848) Transfer out - in lieu of taxes 130,848 Total general revenues and transfers 9,026,530 (61,087) 8,965,443 16,495 Change in net position 1,628,427 556,092 2,184,519 3,861 331,089 34,848,929 Net position- beginning 13,987,800 20,861,129 (164,576)(380,963) Restatement - GASB Statement No. 68 implementation (216,387)331,089 Net position - beginning, as restated 13,771,413 20,696,553 34,467,966

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

15,399,840

\$ 21,252,645

\$ 36,652,485

334,950

Net position - ending

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	-	General		olid Waste collection Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,106,298	\$	583,981	\$	64,965	\$	3,755,244
Investments		2,700,000		850,000		-		3,550,000
Taxes receivable		985,925		-		-		985,925
Accounts receivable		-		55,649		-		55,649
Due from other governments		865,793		-		-		865,793
Due from other funds		-		-		8,995		8,995
Grant receivable		88,068		-		-		88,068
Other receivables		94,579		3,764		-		98,343
Prepaid expenses		97,092				_		97,092
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,937,755	\$	1,493,394	\$	73,960	\$	9,505,109
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	115,577	\$	24,007	\$	_	\$	139,584
Due to other funds	*	8,995	•	1,277	Ψ	_	Ψ	10,272
Accrued expenses		67,909		-,		_		67,909
TOTAL LIABILITIES		192,481		25,284				217,765
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		985,925						985,925
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		97,092		-		_		97,092
Restricted		•						•
Debt service		_		_		25,874		25,874
Police drug fund		-		-		48,086		48,086
Police fines		613		-		-		613
Solid waste fund		-		1,468,110		-		1,468,110
Unassigned								
General fund		6,661,644		-		-		6,661,644
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		6,759,349		1,468,110		73,960		8,301,419
TOTAL LIADILITIES DECEDDED INC. CIA/S								
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	7,937,755	\$	1,493,394	\$	73,960	\$	9,505,109

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	8,301,419
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		11,114,920
Net pension asset is not recorded on governmental fund balance sheet but is recorded for government-wide purposes.		283,583
Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be amortized and recognized as components of pension expense in future years.		(380,971)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		132,882
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.		(4,051,993)
Net position of governmental activities	_\$_	15,399,840

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Revenues	General	Solid Waste Collection Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Taxes	<b>#</b> 000 704	•	•	0 000 704	
Property taxes	\$ 906,704	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 906,704	
Penalty and interest	13,250	-	-	13,250	
In lieu of tax Sales	17,632	-	-	17,632	
Franchise	5,710,457	-	-	5,710,457	
	103,322	-	-	103,322	
River resort tax	633,203	-	-	633,203	
Wholesale liquor	166,522	-	-	166,522	
Hotel-motel tax	57,996	-	-	57,996	
Intergovernmental revenues	2,389,271	-	-	2,389,271	
Licenses and permits	16,634	-	-	16,634	
Charges for services	140,569	908,404	-	1,048,973	
Fines, forfeits, and penalties	38,094	-	5,345	43,439	
Other revenues	59,262_	4,429	46_	63,737	
Total revenues	10,252,916	912,833	5,391	11,171,140	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	4,521,328	-	-	4,521,328	
Public safety	1,990,710	-	6,224	1,996,934	
Public works	1,041,353	874,030	-	1,915,383	
Health, welfare, and recreation	654,584	-	-	654,584	
Economic development	38,396	-	-	38,396	
Miscellaneous	4,335	-	-	4,335	
Capital outlay	1,497,039	-	22,475	1,519,514	
Debt Service		-	234,139	234,139	
Total expenditures	9,747,745	874,030	262,838	10,884,613	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	505,171	38,803	(257,447)	286,527	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in (out)	(123,291)	-	254,139	130,848	
Sale of equipment	5,862	_		5,862	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(117,429)	-	254,139	136,710	
Net Change in Fund Balances	387,742	38,803	(3,308)	423,237	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,371,607	1,429,307	77,268	7,878,182	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 6,759,349	\$ 1,468,110	\$ 73,960	\$ 8,301,419	

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	423,237
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures.  However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  This is the amount of capital assets recorded for the current period.		1,519,514
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources.  Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in government funds.		(587,499)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(7,283)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in the government funds		12,741
Effect of GASB 68 on retirement expense; reported on governmental funds but not on government-wide for 2014-2015 year		106,258
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds but has no effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences.		2,770
Principal payments on outstanding debt obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds but has no effect on net assets.		165,128
Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	-	(6,439)
Change in net position of governmental activities	_\$	1,628,427

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Original	1 11101	Allount	(Negative)
Taxes		. 704.050		
Property taxes - current	\$ 791,250	\$ 791,250	\$ 845,477	\$ 54,227
Property taxes - delinquent Penalties and interest	52,500 12,000	52,500 12,000	61,227 13,250	8,727 1,250
In lieu of taxes	14,000	14,000	17,632	3,632
Franchise tax	80,000	80,000	103,322	23,322
Hotel-Motel tax	60,000	60,000	57,996	(2,004)
Local liquor tax	160,000	160,000	166,522	6,522
Local sales tax	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,839,884	139,884
Local sales tax allocation (schools)	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,870,573	170,573
River resort tax	550,000	550,000	633,203	83,203
Total taxes	7,119,750	7,119,750	7,609,086	489,336
Licenses and permits		0.000	0.700	700
Beer and liquor licenses	3,000	3,000	3,700	700
Business license	100	100 15,000	625 11,584	525
Building permits Fireworks permit fees	15,000 500	500	500	(3,416)
Rezoning fees	300	300	225	(75)
Total licenses and permits	18,900	18,900	16,634	(2,266)
Intergovernmental revenues			100.010	(00.750)
East Main Street - TDOT	220,000	220,000	189,242	(30,758)
SRTS grant	250,000	250,000	750 000	(250,000)
Flood Mitigation Grant - 2012 CDBG	700,000	700,000	753,828	53,828
Parks and recreation grant	250,000	250,000	-	(250,000)
Façade grant Sidewalk grant	18,750	18,750	-	(18,750)
	300,000	300,000	-	(300,000)
FEMA fire grant	50,000	50,000	19 600	(50,000)
State law enforcement salary supplement	8,500	8,500	18,600	10,100
State law enforcement equipment	-	-	8,059	8,059
Governor's highway safety grant State of Tennessee	-	-	13,284	13,284
- Beer tax	2.500	2 500	2 220	839
- Business tax - trustee	2,500 65,000	2,500 65,000	3,339 128,348	63,348
- Business tax - trustee - Business tax - county clerk	65,000	65,000	120,346 226	226
- Excise tax	45,000	45,000	39,034	(5,966)
- Gas 1989	43,000	45,000	20,292	20,292
- Gas 3 cent		_	37,662	37,662
- Gasoline & motor fuel tax	182,000	182,000	126,383	(55,617)
- Income tax	40,000	40,000	97,894	57,894
- Mixed drink tax	4,500	4,500	975	(3,525)
- Petroleum special	18,000	18,000	14,243	(3,757)
- Sales tax	460,000	460,000	528,794	68,794
- Telecommunications sales tax	, -	· -	683	683
- TVA in-lieu of tax	65,000	65,000	81,126	16,126
- Wholesale beer tax	300,000	300,000	327,259	27,259
Total intergovernmental revenues	2,979,250	2,979,250	2,389,271	(589,979)
Charges for services				
Lot maintenance charges	2,500	2,500	5,800	3,300
Park and recreation charges	90,000	90,000	105,398	15,398
Park and recreation concessions	15,000	15,000	29,371	14,371
Total charges for services	107,500	107,500	140,569	33,069
City court fines and costs		_		
Cash bonds	1,000	1,000	8,231	7,231
Court fines	25,000	25,000	19,936	(5,064)
Sale of seized vehicles			9,325	9,325
Drug related fines Sex offender registry	1,000 500	1,000 500	502 100	(498) (400)
Total city court fines and costs	27,500	27,500	38,094	10,594
Other revenues				
Donations	10,000	10,000	7,500	(2,500)
Employee paid dental premiums	17,500	17,500	12,981	(4,519)
City manager grant		-	3,500	3,500
Insurance recovery	10,000	10,000	4,536	(5,464)
Interest	10,000	10,000	10,071	71
Miscellaneous refunds	10,000	10,000	18,402	8,402
Fire grant - TML	2,000	2,000	,	(2,000)
Rent income	7,500	7,500	2,272	(5,228)
Total other revenues	67,000	67,000	59,262	(7,738)
TOTAL REVENUES	10,319,900	10,319,900	10,252,916	(66,984)

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL(continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted A		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
EXPENDITURES	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT Legislative				
OASI	1,000	1,000	735	265
Memberships	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Out of town expense	5,000	5,000	2,676	2,324
Board and committee members  Total legislative	9,600 16,600	9,600 16,600	9,600 13,011	3,589
Judicial Otto index for	0.500	0.500	5.045	055
City judge fee OASI	6,500 475	6,500 475	5,845 447	655 28
Utilities	850	850	765	85 85
Total judicial	7,825	7,825	7,057	768
Executive				
Salaries	47,500	47,500	37,092	10.408
OASI	3,750	3,750	3,426	324
Hospital and health insurance	5,000	5,000	4,950	50
Retirement	12,000	12,000	1,960	10,040
Unemployment	100	100	72	28
Self-insured dental	550	550	105	445 40
Employee medical physical Legal publications	40 500	40 500	-	500
Membership and registration fees	3,500	3,500	3,296	204
Public relations	16,000	16,000	14,449	1,551
Utilities	2,800	2,800	2,550	250
Telephone	2,000	2,000	2,122	(122)
Auto allowance	4,200	4,200	4,200	- (0.050)
Out-of-town expense	7,500	7,500	10,153	(2,653) 185
Contractual services Service awards	3,000 1,600	3,000 1,600	2,815 1,167	433
River Resort leadership expenses	30,000	30,000	17,446	12,554
Professional services	15,000	15,000	5,542	9,458
Office supplies and materials	250	250	65	185
Operating supplies	500	500	-	500
Surety bonds	350	350	350	- 8,000
Elections - special Small equipment	8,000 1,000	8,000 1,000	1,308	(308)
Total executive	165,140	165,140	113,068	52,072
Financial administration				
Salaries and wages	198,000	198,000	157,341	40,659
Employee social expense OASI	6,000	6,000	3,041	2,959
Hospital and health insurance	12,000 20,000	12,000 20.000	11,407 17,718	593 2,282
Self-insured dental	2,750	2,750	2,380	370
Retirement	16,000	16,000	11,374	4,626
Unemployment insurance	500	500	462	38
Postage, box rent, etc.	10,000	10,000	4,716	5,284
Printing, stationery, etc.	1,100	1,100	1,280	(180)
Duplications Legal publications	1,500 5,000	1,500 5,000	993 6,810	507 (1,810)
Membership fees	2,000	2,000	125	1,875
Advertising	500	500	481	19
Utilities	3,500	3,500	2,450	1,050
Telephone	8,000	8,000	5,740	2,260
Employee medical test	250	250	125	125
Auditing services Data processing services	50,000 20,000	50,000 20,000	23,700 19,697	26,300 303
State sales tax adm	27,500	27,500	28,422	(922)
Professional service - tax	10,000	10,000	15,969	(5,969)
Out-of-town expense	5,000	5,000	3,169	1,831
Employee automobile allowance	3,600	3,600	3,200	400
Office supplies	6,000	6,000	4,645	1,355
Repair and maintenance	-	-	456	(456)
Office stationery Surety bonds	10,000 875	10,000 875	476 875	9,524
Small equipment	14,000	14,000	5,449	- 8,551
Total financial administration	434,075	434,075	332,501	101,574
iotai ililanciai dullilliisti atioli	434,073	434,075	332,301	101,574

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL(continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted /	<b>∆</b> mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (cont.)		war a war		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (cont.)				
Community development office				
Salaries and wages	85,000	85,000	83,602	1,398
OASI	6,500	6,500	6,156	344
Hospital and health insurance	10,000	10,000	10,284	(284)
Retirement	7,000	7,000	7,158	(158)
Unemployment insurance	200	200	145	55
Self-insured dental	1,325	1,325	1,675	(350)
Publications, subscriptions, dues	250	250	-	250
Legal publications	500	500	331	169
Memberships and registration fees	1,000	1,000	990	10
Utilities	2,500	2,500	2,550	(50)
Telephone	2,250	2,250	1,794	456
Tennessee Planning Office	10,000	10,000	7,146	2,854
Repairs and maintenance	400	400	943	(543)
Out-of-town expense Lot maintenance	1,000	1,000	1,616	(616)
Gas and oil	12,000	12,000	14,042	(2,042)
Small equipment	1,500 1,500	1,500 1,500	1,480 690	20 810
Supplies	•	•		
Capital outlay	2,000	2,000 25,000	3,124	(1,124)
Capital Outlay	25,000	25,000	23,271	1,729
Total community development office	169,925	169,925	166,997	2,928
General government buildings				
Salaries	75,000	75,000	42,636	32,364
OASI	5,500	5,500	3,075	2,425
Hospital and health insurance	5,000	5,000	5,044	(44)
Retirement	3,000	3,000	3,036	(36)
Unemployment	200	200	113	87
Self-insured dental Utilities	1,100	1,100	307	793
Professional services	17,500	17,500 -	15,818	1,682
Repairs and maintenance	50,000	50,000	7,973 21,034	(7,973) 28,966
Repair and maintenance-building	10,000	10,000	6,874	3,126
Janitorial supplies	4,000	4,000	3,458	542
Rent	2,500	2,500	2,100	400
Small equipment	1,000	1,000	11,746	(10,746)
Supplies	500	500	10,625	(10,125)
Capital outlay	250,000	250,000	72,214	177,786
Total general government buildings	425,300	425,300	206,053	219,247
		420,000	200,000	210,247
Other appropriations				
Hardin County Skills	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Grant - RSVP	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
American Red Cross	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Read Across America	750	750	750	-
Senior Citizen Grants	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Savannah Arts Commission	1,000	1,000	1,000	=
Tennessee River Museum	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
Savannah-Hardin County Airport	62,500	62,500	59,243	3,257
Teen Challenge	2,000	2,000		2,000
School Bond Assistance	311,514	311,514	311,514	(00.471)
Sales tax allocation to schools	2,750,000	2,750,000	2,842,151	(92,151)
Imagination Library	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Renaisance Committee	250,000	250,000	150,000	100,000
Carl Perkins	2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Health Care Foundation	3,515	3,515	3,515	-
Daryl Worley Foundation	20,000	20,000	20,000	400.000
Hardin County Parks	500,000	500,000	12	499,988
Total other appropriations	3,928,279	3,928,279	3,415,185	513,094

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL(continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted A		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
EXPENDITURES (cont.)	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (cont.) Other general government				
Insurance - buildings	47,750	47,750	48,278	(528)
Liability insurance - auto included	95,000	95,000	119,875	(24,875)
Workers compensation	127,500	127,500	99,553	27,947
Other insurance	10,000	10,000_	4,958	5,042
Total other general government	280,250	280,250	272,664	7,586
Mainstreet				
Salaries	36,000	36,000	33,004	2,996
OASI	2,600	2,600	2,882	(282)
Retirement	3,000	3,000	2,867	133
Unemployment insurance	100	100	72	28
Vehicle allowance	3,000	3,000	2,000	1,000
Printing/duplication	2,500	2,500	13,729	(11,229)
Subs/fees/tuition	2,500	2,500	1,578	922
Utilities	3,500	3,500	3,386	114
Telephone	1,800	1,800	1,706	94
Out of town expense	5,000	5,000	17,702	(12,702)
Operating supplies	1,000	1,000	2,200	(1,200)
Small equipment	1,000	1,000	<b>-</b>	1,000
Special events	15,000	15,000	9,151	5,849
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000	4,589	20,411
Total mainstreet	102,000	102,000	94,866	7,134
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	5,529,394	5,529,394	4,621,402	907,992
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police department				
Salaries	890,000	890,000	873,587	16,413
OASI	65,000	65,000	63,679	1,321
Hospital and health insurance	105,000	105,000	100,300	4,700
Retirement	60,000	60,000	55,774	4,226
Unemployment	1,000	1,000	1,752	(752)
Self-insured dental	11,000	11,000	11,079	(79)
Per diem-officer fees	1,500	1,500	1,145	355
Printing, stationery, etc.	2,500	2,500	9,016	(6,516)
Memberships and registration fees	5,000	5,000	19,798	(14,798)
Utilities	15,000	15,000	12,317	2,683
Telephone	12,000	12,000	8,167	3,833
Professional services	500	500	1,240	(740)
Physical exams	1,200	1,200	2,401	(1,201)
Data processing	500	500	-	500
Repair and maintenance - auto	15,000	15,000	16,879	(1,879)
Repair and maintenance - other	10,000	10,000	5,393	4,607
Out-of-town expense	6,000	6,000	6,277	(277)
Boarding prisoners	6,000	6,000	6,344	(344)
Office supplies	4,000	4,000	5,674	(1,674)
Operating supplies	12,500	12,500	10,359	2,141
Clothing and uniforms	7,500	7,500	15,352	(7,852)
Firearm supplies	5,000	5,000	3,393	1,607
Gas, oil, and diesel	45,000	45,000	37,507	7,493
Tires and tubes	2,500	2,500	2,797	(297)
Other fixed charges	1,500	1,500	2,029	(529)
Small equipment	10,000	10,000	16,937	(6,937)
Capital outlay	92,500	92,500	75,334	17,166
Total police department	1,387,700	1,387,700	1,364,530	23,170

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
EXPENDITURES (cont.)	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
PUBLIC SAFETY (cont.)				
Fire department				
Salaries and wages	350,000	350,000	358,736	(8,736)
OASI	25,000	25,000	26,104	(1,104)
Hospital and health insurance	35,000	35,000	37,125	(2,125)
Retirement	26,000	26,000	27,699	(1,699)
Unemployment insurance	500	500	805	(305)
Self-insured dental	4,350	4,350	2,610	1,740
Per diem - volunteer firemen	25,000	25,000	140	24,860
Radio and television services	500	500	168	332
Printing, stationery and forms	500	500	-	500
Training fees and expenses	7,500	7,500	4,613	2,887
Books, catalogues, etc.	500	500	135	365
Publicity and subscriptions Utilities	1,000 17,500	1,000 17,500	1,206	(206)
Telephone	3,000	3,000	15,092 1,649	2,408 1,351
Medical	2,500	2,500	410	2,090
Repair and maintenance - services	3,000	3,000	2,937	63
Repair and maintenance - vehicles	5,000	5,000	5,106	(106)
Repair and maintenance - other	3,000	3,000	7,220	(4,220)
Out-of-town expense	2,500	2,500	1,946	554
Office supplies	500	500	1,000	(500)
Operating supplies	6,000	6,000	3,595	2,405
Clothing and uniforms	5,000	5,000	3,276	1,724
Gas, oil and diesel	5,000	5,000	4,347	653
Tires, tubes, etc	1,000	1,000	752	248
Small equipment	5,500	5,500	2,841	2,659
Capital outlay	12,500	12,500		12,500
Total fire department	547,850	547,850	509,512	38,338
Emergency communication services E911 services	192,000	192,000	192,002	(2)
Total emergency communication services	192,000	192,000	192,002	(2)
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	2,127,550	2,127,550	2,066,044	61,506
PUBLIC WORKS				
Highways and streets				
Publications	300	300	44	256
Printing service	-	-	57	(57)
Utilities	12,000	12,000	7,081	4,919
Telephone	3,000	3,000	1,454	1,546
Street lighting	140,000	140,000	145,725	(5,725)
Employee physicals	500	500	50	450
Professional services	-	-	3,799	(3,799)
Repair and maintenance - vehicles	5,000	5,000	5,042	(42)
Repair and maintenance - roads	30,000	30,000	387,103	(357,103)
Repair and maintenance - other	20,000	20,000	16,592	3,408
Out-of-town expense	500	500	362	138
Office supplies	1,000	1,000	908	92
Operating supplies	20,000	20,000	22,077	(2,077)
Clothing and uniforms	3,000	3,000	1,962	1,038
Gas, oil, diesel and grease Tires, tubes, etc.	32,500	32,500	9,622	22,878
Drainage	3,000 30,000	3,000 30,000	3,080 11,583	(80) 18 417
Work release program	30,000	30,000	34,282	18,417 (4,282)
Small equipment	10,000	10,000	1,252	8,748
Capital outlay	1,735,000	1,735,000	1,077,201	657,799
Total highways and streets	2,075,800	2,075,800	1,729,276_	346,524

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL(continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted /		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
EVDENDITUDES (comb)	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (cont.)				
PUBLIC WORKS (cont.)				
State street aid	005.000	225 222	000 040	04.007
Salaries	365,000	365,000	303,313	61,687
OASI	26,500	26,500	21,944	4,556
Health insurance	45,000	45,000	36,149	8,851
Retirement	30,000	30,000	23,965	6,035
Self-insured dental	3,800	3,800	3,301	499
Unemployment	750	750	606_	144
Total state street aid	471,050	471,050	389,278	81,772
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS	2,546,850	2,546,850	2,118,554	428,296
HEALTH, WELFARE AND RECREATION Animal control				
Salaries	25,000	25,000	_	25,000
OASI	2,000	2,000	<del>-</del>	2,000
Hospital and health insurance	5,000	5,000 5,000	-	5,000
•	·		-	
Retirement	2,200	2,200		2,200
Unemployment insurance	250	250	15	235
Self-insured dental	350	350	-	350
Utilities	-	-	1,661	(1,661)
Telephone	500	500	-	500
Employee physicals	100	100	-	100
Repair and maintenance services	500	500	-	500
Repair and maintenance - autos	500	500	_	500
Repair and maintenance - other	500	500	_	500
Out of town expense	2,000	2,000	_	2,000
Operating supplies	1,000	1,000	_	1,000
Clothing and uniforms	500	500		500
			-	
Gas, oil, and diesel	3,000	3,000	-	3,000
Small equipment Appropriation to Hardin County	1,000	1,000 -	35,000	1,000 (35,000)
Total animal control	44,400	44,400	36,676	7,724
Parks and recreation				
Salaries	150,000	150,000	141,594	8,406
OASI	4,000	4,000	10,674	(6,674)
Health insurance	4,500	4,500	5,236	(736)
Retirement	·	•	·	(197)
Unemployment insurance	4,500	4,500	4,697	,
• •	100	100	668	(568)
Self-insured dental	350	350	185	165
Printing and stationery	1,000	1,000	1,251	(251
Subscriptions and dues	500	500	532	(32
Memberships	3,000	3,000	5,882	(2,882
Utility services	40,000	40,000	69,006	(29,006
Telephone	1,600	1,600	920	680
Professional services	50,000	50,000	11,197	38,803
Medical expenses	100	100	75	25
Repair and maintenance - services	250	250	-	250
Repair and maintenance - vehicles	1,000	1,000	315	685
Repair and maintenance - other	500	500	414	86
Out of town expense	500	500	267	233
Office supplies	500	500	856	(356
	3,000	3,000	9,095	(6,095
Operating supplies		12,500		• •
Operating supplies	10 ENN	12.000	21,355	(8,855
Supplies - concession	12,500			/4 =00
Supplies - concession Recreation supplies	40,000	40,000	44,526	· · ·
Supplies - concession Recreation supplies Gas, oil and diesel	•		44,526 753	747
Supplies - concession Recreation supplies	40,000	40,000	44,526	(4,526 747 (11,513 530,570

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL(continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
EXPENDITURES (cont.)	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
HEALTH, WELFARE AND RECREATION (cont.) Parks and recreation maintenance				
Salaries	100,000	100,000	113,189	(13,189)
OASI	5,000	5,000	7,962	(2,962)
Health insurance	10,000	10,000	9,849	151
Retirement	5,000	5,000	5,592	(592)
Unemployment insurance	350	350	555	(205)
Self-insured dental Employee medical	1,700 100	1,700 100	2,388	(688) 100
Repair and maintenance - vehicles	1,000	1,000	26	974
Repair and maintenance - other	30,000	30,000	27,924	2,076
Operating supplies	15,000	15,000	40,061	(25,061)
Clothing and uniforms	500	500	250	250
Gas, oil and diesel	6,000	6,000	6,945	(945)
Small equipment	10,000	10,000	1,542	8,458
Capital outlay	50,000_	50,000		50,000
Total parks and recreation maintenance	234,650	234,650	216,283	18,367
Human resources				
Salaries	39,000	39,000	38,371	629
OASI	2,800	2,800	2,720	80
Health insurance	4,500	4,500	4,804	(304)
Retirement	3,000	3,000	3,435	(435)
Unemployment insurance Printing	150 750	150 750	74 918	76 (168)
Self-insured dental	700	700	1,910	(168) (1,210)
Utility services	1,200	1,200	1,020	180
Telephone	6,000	6,000	5,705	295
Out-of-town expense	900	900	111	789
Operating supplies	1,500	1,500	796	704
Special events	-	-	750	(750)
Small equipment	1,250	1,250		1,250
Total human resources	61,750	61,750	60,614	1,136
TOTAL HEALTH, WELFARE AND RECREATION	1,435,200	1,435,200	899,014	536,186
MISCELLANEOUS				
Utilities	4,750	4,750	4,335	415
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS	4,750	4,750	4,335	415
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT				
Consulting services	-	-	10,500	(10,500)
Economic Development - TIF	25,000	25,000	27,896	(2,896)
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	25,000	25,000	38,396	(13,396)
DEBT SERVICE				
Interest expense				-
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,668,744	11,668,744	9,747,745	1,920,999
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,348,844)	(1,348,844)	505,171	1,854,015
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND LIGHT				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES Operating transfers in	205 040	205.040	130.848	(46E 000\
Operating transfer out	295,848 (274,007)	295,848 (274,007)	(254,139)	(165,000)
Sale of equipment	10,000	10,000	5,862	19,868 (4,138)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES	31,841	31,841	(117,429)	(149,270)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,317,003)	(1,317,003)	387,742	1,704,745
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,371,607	6,371,607	6,371,607	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 5,054,604	\$ 5,054,604	\$ 6,759,349	\$ 1,704,745

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SOLID WASTE COLLECTION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Original Final							
Revenues								
Refuse collection charges	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	890,008	\$	(9,992)
Forfeited discounts		12,000		12,000		14,994		2,994
Bad debts collected		1,500		1,500		3,402		1,902
Interest earnings		10,000		10,000		4,429		(5,571)
Total Revenues		923,500		923,500		912,833		(10,667)
Expenditures Public Works								
Wages		_		-		115,049		(115,049)
Payroll taxes		-		_		8,801		(8,801)
Health insurance		-		_		7,536		(7,536)
Retirement		_		_		9,235		(9,235)
Unemployment		_		_		310		(310)
Dental		-		-		875		(875)
Utilities		-		-		3,097		(3,097)
Telephone		-		-		1,847		(1,847)
Repairs and maintenance		-		-		5,000		(5,000)
Gas		-		-		10,000		(10,000)
Supplies		-		-		2,500		(2,500)
Clothing and uniforms		-		-		750		(750)
Collection fees		715,000		715,000		707,656		7,344
Bad debts		12,000		12,000		1,374		10,626
Total Expenditures		727,000		727,000		874,030		(147,030)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		196,500		196,500		38,803		(157,697)
Other Financing Sources and Uses:								
Operating transfer out		(165,000)		(165,000)		-		165,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		31,500		31,500		38,803		7,303
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,429,307		1,429,307		1,429,307		_
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,460,807	_\$	1,460,807	\$	1,468,110	\$	7,303

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
	GAS	SEWER	WATER	
	FUND	FUND	FUND	TOTALS
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,190,822	\$ 784,985	\$ 887,399	\$ 3,863,206
Investments	2,323,136	150,000	-	2,473,136
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	41,722	65,792	99,012	206,526
Other receivables	7,733	6,998	4,165	18,896
Grant receivables	19,057	-	-	19,057
Due from other funds	11,854	-	1,023	12,877
Natural gas storage	243,994	-	-	243,994
Inventory	81,007	6,237	120,095	207,339
Prepaid expenses TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	9,231	7,409	16,545	33,185
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,928,556	1,021,421	1,128,239	7,078,216
DESTRICTED ASSETS				
RESTRICTED ASSETS		400 444	470 440	0.40.050
Cash and cash equivalents	-	468,441	478,418	946,859
Investments		100,000 568,441	650,000 1,128,418	750,000
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	-	300,441	1,120,410	1,696,859
DEODEDTY DI ANT AND EQUIDMENT				
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	101 005	22 200	75 400	200 547
Land Buildings	181,865	32,200	75,482	289,547
Buildings	244,415	333,667	16,076	594,158
Improvements	33,356	187,162	277.400	220,518
Equipment	1,860,006	301,728	277,488	2,439,222
Distribution plant	5,367,925	14,195,311	22,875,050	42,438,286
Construction in progress Total Capital Assets	7,798,685	92,027 15,142,095	<u>359,707</u> 23,603,803	562,852 46,544,583
Less accumulated depreciation				
NET PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	<u>(4,583,104)</u> 3,215,581	<u>(7,787,850)</u> 7,354,245	(10,027,504) 13,576,299	<u>(22,398,458)</u> 24,146,125
NET FROFERIT, FEART AND EQUIPMENT	3,213,301	7,334,243	13,370,299	24, 140, 123
OTHER ASSETS				
Net pension asset	72,893	47,930	94,860	215,683
Net pension asset	12,095	47,930	94,000	213,003
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Deferred outflows related to pension investments	27,528	18,002	35,707	81,237
belefied oddiows related to pension investments	21,320	10,002	33,707	01,237
TOTAL ASSETS	8,244,558	9,010,039	15,963,523	33,218,120
101/12/100210			10,000,020	
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	5,723	11,587	14,430	31,740
Due to other funds	1,023	5,233	5,344	11,600
Accrued liabilities	27,632	2,083	28,277	57,992
Customer deposits	202,527	52,336	104,561	359,424
Current portion of long-term debt	42,000	103,850	348,150	494,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	278,905	175,089	500,762	954,756
		***************************************		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences	31,942	21,591	72,663	126,196
Bonds and notes payable (net of unamortized premium)	500,500	2,854,143	7,159,312	10,513,955
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	532,442	2,875,734	7,231,975	10,640,151
TOTAL LIABILITIES	811,347	3,050,823	7,732,737	11,594,907
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Deferred inflows related to pension investments	125,238	82,348	162,982	370,568
·	-			
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,673,081	4,396,252	6,068,837	13,138,170
Restricted net position	=	568,441	1,128,418	1,696,859
Unrestricted net position	4,634,892	912,175	870,549	6,417,616
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,307,973	\$ 5,876,868	\$ 8,067,804	\$ 21,252,645

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	BUSINE	SS TYPE ACTIVIT	TIES - ENTERPRIS	SE FUNDS
	GAS	SEWER	WATER	
	FUND	FUND	FUND	TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 3,163,139	\$ 1,368,360	\$ 2,734,378	\$ 7,265,877
Recovery of uncollectible accounts	5,089	4,268	6,157	15,514
Uncollectible accounts	(11,641)	(9,172)	(10,247)	(31,060)
Sale of materials	1,613	1,739	7,004	10,356
Miscellaneous	7,900	2,134	8,452	18,486
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	3,166,100	1,367,329	2,745,744	7,279,173
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Natural gas purchases	1,850,056	-	-	1,850,056
Operations - supply and treatment	221,307	141,326	335,448	698,081
Operations - distributions	-	139,578	185,979	325,557
Repairs and maintenance	450,819	311,383	1,004,282	1,766,484
Accounting and collecting	110,263	65,058	83,666	258,987
Administrative and general	158,311	131,502	160,792	450,605
Economic development	67,500	-	· <del>-</del>	67,500
Depreciation	139,756	353,598	550,351	1,043,705
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,998,012	1,142,445	2,320,518	6,460,975
OPERATING INCOME	168,088	224,884	425,226	818,198
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Rental income	-	-	27,600	27,600
Pension income	3,275	2,153	4,261	9,689
Gain on sale of capital assets	9,621	-	6,675	16,296
Interest income	12,258	743	3,175	16,176
Interest and amortization expense	(18,806)	(70,842)	(175,371)	(265,019)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES				
(EXPENSES)	6,348	(67,946)	(133,660)	(195,258)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	174,436	156,938	291,566	622,940
TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS				
Transfers to other funds	(74,165)	(20,540)	(36,143)	(130,848)
Capital contributions	22,679	20,739	20,582	64,000
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(51,486)	199	(15,561)	(66,848)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	122,950	157,137	276,005	556,092
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,240,644	5,756,303	7,864,182	20,861,129
RESTATEMENT - GASB Statement No. 68 implementation	(55,621)	(36,572)	(72,383)	(164,576)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	7,185,023	5,719,731	7,791,799	20,696,553
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,307,973	\$ 5,876,868	\$ 8,067,804	\$ 21,252,645

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	BUSINES	S TYPE ACTIVITI	ES - ENTERPRIS	E FUNDS
	GAS	SEWER	WATER	
	FUND	FUND	FUND	TOTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<b>.</b>	A 4 054 000	A 0.705.000	m 7.000 477
Cash received from customers  Cash received from other funds for services	\$ 3,160,947 72,967	\$ 1,351,630	\$ 2,725,900	\$ 7,238,477 72,967
Other operating cash receipts	7,900	2,134	8,452	18,486
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,163,512)	(435,744)	(938,757)	(3,538,013)
Cash payments to employees for services	(590,788)	(376,905)	(850,903)	(1,818,596)
Cash payments to other funds for services	_	(6,119)	(89,318)	(95,437)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	487,514	534,996	855,374	1,877,884
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Amounts paid to others - tax equivalents	(74,165)	(20,540)	(36,143)	(130,848)
NET CASH USED FOR NON-CAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(74,165)	(20,540)	(36,143)	(130,848)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets	(133,001)	(198,209)	(248,120)	(579,330)
Gain on sale of capital assets	9,621	-	6,675	16,296
TDOT revenue	3,622	20,739	20,582	44,943
Retirement of bonds and notes payable Interest paid on long-term debt	(38,500) (18,806)	(102,363) (71,875)	(338,651) (182,284)	(479,514) (272,965)
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED	(10,000)	(11,073)	(102,204)	(272,900)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(177,064)	(351,708)	(741,798)	(1,270,570)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from rent of property			27,600	27,600
Interest on cash and investments	12,258	743	3,175	16,176
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	12,258	743	30,775	43,776
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	248,543	163,491	108,208	520,242
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,942,279	1,089,935	1,257,609	4,289,823
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,190,822	\$ 1,253,426	\$ 1,365,817	\$ 4,810,065
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income from operating activities	\$ 168,088	\$ 224,884	\$ 425,226	\$ 818,198
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash				
Depreciation and amortization	139,756	353,598	550,351	1,043,705
GASB 68 adjustments related to pension expenses Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	(27,528)	(18,002)	(35,707)	(81,237)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	2,830	(14,271)	(11,623)	(23,064)
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	299	803	308	1,410
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	93,260	12,151	5,216	110,627
(Increase) decrease in natural gas inventory	143,095	-	-	143,095
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(18,486)	(527)	(11,046)	(30,059)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance	339	(156)	(3,205)	(3,022)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	2,266	6,536	10,333	19,135
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(20,293)	(18,270)	(94,534)	(133,097)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(382)	(97)	(77)	(556)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	1,172 3,098	(12,608) 955	8,343 11,789	(3,093) 15,842
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 487,514	\$ 534,996	\$ 855,374	\$ 1,877,884
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<del>\$ 407,514</del>	<del>\$ 534,990</del>	\$ 655,374	\$ 1,077,004
NONCASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Disposal of fully depreciated capital assets	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 8,830	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 8,830
Capital asset acquisitions	\$ (143,900)	\$ (198,209)	\$ (248,120)	\$ (590,229)
Book value of equipment trade-in	10,899	e (400.000)	£ (040.400)	10,899
Cash acquisition and construction of capital assets	\$ (133,001)	\$ (198,209)	\$ (248,120)	\$ (579,330)

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 1. A. DESCRIPTION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

### 1. B. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Savannah (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an appointed City Manager and five-member governing commission/Board of Commissioners. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that is legally separate from the government. Currently, the City has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units. Savannah Industrial Development Corporation (SIDC) is a nonprofit organization located in Savannah, Tennessee. Its purpose is to increase employment opportunities by promoting industry, trade, commerce, tourism and recreation in Hardin County, Tennessee. SIDC is a component unit of the City of Savannah since (1) board members are appointed by the City Commission and (2) it receives a significant portion of its funding from the City of Savannah. Accordingly, this financial data is incorporated into the City's financial statements. The City Commission determines the amount of money to contribute each year to SIDC. The City appropriated \$67,500 for economic development to SIDC in the current year. Complete financial statements of SIDC may be obtained from the Savannah Industrial Development Corporation, c/o Steve Bunnell, 495 Main Street, Savannah, TN 38372.

# Jointly Governed Organizations

Jointly governed organizations occur when governments use contracts to establish separate activities for their mutual benefit that are beyond the control of any single participating government. The City, in conjunction with the County, has created the Savannah/Hardin County Airport Commission. The board is comprised of three members appointed by the City and three by the County. The City appropriated \$25,000 for an operational grant and \$34,243 for a capital grant to the Commission for 2015.

# 1. C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION - GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

As discussed earlier, the government has a discretely present component unit. Savannah Industrial Development Corporation is shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

# 1. D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provided information about the government's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those accounted for in another fund.

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the solid waste revenue and expenditures related to disposal services.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Gas Fund accounts for activities associated with the gas distribution system.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities associated with the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities associated with the water distribution system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *Police Drug Fund* accounts for revenues and expenditures on drug fines and enforcement costs.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principle on the general long-term debt of the city other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. This fund is used to pay the debt incurred to finance the construction of the police department, purchase police cars, and to improve City Hall.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

# 1.E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of yearend). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or with in the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of yearend). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

## 1.F. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, solid waste fund, police drug fund, and debt service – sinking fund.

The City adopts its budget in accordance with the State's legal requirement which is the level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to May 1, the City Manager submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- The proposed budget is published in the local newspaper with invitations for the public to attend the budget hearings.
- Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by the Mayor and Board of Commissioners through adoption of the appropriation ordinance upon two readings.
- The City is responsible for controlling expenditures of the various agencies of the Town government within the appropriated amounts. No expenditures shall be made in excess of the appropriations.

Budgeted amounts are shown as originally adopted and after final amendments by the City Commission. Budget appropriations lapse at year end. A comparison of the budget with statements of actual revenues and expenditures, including budget variances, of the all funds are presented as fund financial statements.

# 1.G. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

# **Inventories and Prepaid Item**

Inventories are valued at cost which approximates market and consist primarily of expendable supplies. Cost is determined using an average-cost method. All City inventories are maintained on a consumption basis of accounting where items are purchased for inventory and charged to the budgetary accounts as the items are consumed. The Gas Fund's inventory consists of materials (25%) and natural gas storage (75%). Natural gas storage inventory is accounted for on the weighted average method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

## **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as

assets with an initial, individual cost as follows: \$10,000 with a life greater than one year is recorded as capital outlay in the department for which it was purchased.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The government was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of some assets. As the government constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost.

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives in years:

Capital asset classes	Lives
Buildings	10 - 20
Equipment	5 - 10
Vehicles	5 - 7
Plant	15 - 40

## Deferred outflows/inflows of revenues

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary Statement of Net Position. These items are for pension changes in experience, changes in pension proportionate share of contributions, as well as employer contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary Statement of Net Position. These items are from the following sources: current and delinquent property taxes, pension changes in experience, and changes in pension investment earnings. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

# Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's police to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

#### Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Commission is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used for the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Commissioners has by resolution authorized the City Manager to assign fund balance. The Board of Commissioners may also assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to remove or revise a commitment.

#### 1.H. PENSIONS

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated

Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from the City's net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 1.I. REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/ EXPENSES

#### **Program revenues**

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of January 1<sup>st</sup>. The taxes are due and payable form the following October through February in the year succeeding the tax levy. The billings are considered past due on March 1, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The City's policy regarding vacation time permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

#### Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer, water, and gas fund are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### Sales Tax

Hardin County presently levies a two and one-half percent sales tax on taxable sales within the County, of which the City receives one half of the collected amount through the statutory formula indicated in *Tennessee Code Annotated*. The sales tax is collected by the Tennessee Department of Revenue and two and one-half percent is remitted to the County in the month following receipt by the Department of Revenue. The County then remits one and one-fourth percent to the City. The Department of Revenue receives the sales tax approximately one month after collection by vendors. The sales tax is recorded in the General Fund. Sales tax remitted to the City in July and August has been accrued and is included under the caption "Due from other governments."

#### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABLITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the City and its component units are subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the City's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over City resources follows.

#### 2. A. FUND ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

The Police Drug Fund is required as a separate fund by State Law.

#### 2.B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State of Tennessee or political subdivision debt obligations, or surety bonds. As required by 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the City must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee. The City has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

The City's investment policies are governed by State statute. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the U.S. Government and agency securities, certificates of deposit, and savings accounts. Collateral is required for demand deposits, certificates of deposits, and repurchase agreements at 105% of all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its subdivisions. The City has no policy that further limits allowable investments.

#### 2. C. REVENUE RESTRICTIONS

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from State or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source Gasoline Excise Tax Grants Legal Restrictions of Use Street Purposes Grant Program Expenditures

#### 2. D. FUND EQUITY RESTRICTIONS

#### **Deficit Fund Balance**

Tennessee regulations discourage the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund. All City funds had a positive fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

#### 3.A. CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Custodial credit risk deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The City's deposits at year-end were not exposed to custodial credit risk due to being entirely covered by federal depository insurance and pledged collateral.

#### 3.B. RECEIVABLES

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end but not yet received. The major receivable balance for the governmental activities includes sales tax receivable due from the county and other governments and grant receivables. All amounts are anticipated to be collected within the next year.

Accounts receivable consists of utilities receivable. Receivables detail at June 30, 2015, is as follows:

	Solid Waste	Gas	Sewer	Water	Total
Accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$57,772 (2,123)	\$43,313 (1,591)	\$68,301 (2,509)	\$ 102,789 (3,777)	\$272,175 (10,000)
Net accounts receivable	\$ 55,649	\$41,722	\$65,792	\$ 99,012	\$262,175

Revenues of the Solid Waste, Sewer, Water and Gas Funds are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to sales of the period amounted to \$10,000.

#### 3. C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

		Balance 7/1/14	-	dditions/ ompletions	 Retirements/ Adjustments		Balance 6/30/15
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	1,659,332	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,659,332
Construction in progress		946,173		1,010,833	 (685,942)		1,271,064
Total Capital assets not being depreciated		2,605,505		1,010,833	(685,942)		2,930,396
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings		2,454,709		67,671	-		2,522,380
Equipment		5,683,137		121,080	(27,205)		5,777,012
Improvements		7,856,469		1,005,602			8,862,071
Total Capital assets being depreciated		15,994,315		1,194,353	(27,205)		17,161,463
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(1,683,145)		(27,898)	=		(1,711,043)
Equipment		(4,661,049)		(215,253)	27,205		(4,849,097)
Improvements		(2,072,451)		(344,348)	-		(2,416,799)
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,416,645)		(587,499)	27,205		(8,976,939)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		7,577,670		606,854	-		8,184,524
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	10,183,175	\$	1,617,687	\$ (685,942)	\$	11,114,920

	Balance 7/1/14		Additions/ Completions		Retirements/ Adjustments		Balance 6/30/15
Business-type activies:							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 290,	313 \$	-	\$	(766)	\$	289,547
Construction in Progress	304,	045	315,248		(56,441)		562,852
Total Capital assets not being depreciated	594,	358	315,248		(57,207)		852,399
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings	594,	158	-		=		594,158
Improvements	201,	184	19,334		_		220,518
Equipment	2,383,	251	157,000		(101,029)		2,439,222
Plant	42,282,	433	155,087		766		42,438,286
Total Capital assets being depreciated	45,461,	026	331,421		(100,263)		45,692,184
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	(176,	219)	(14,906)		-		(191,125)
Improvements	(99,	959)	(18,097)		-		(118,056)
Equipment	(2,159,	771)	(53,491)		90,131		(2,123,131)
Plant	(19,008,	935)	(957,211)		<b>-</b>		(19,966,146)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,444,	884)	(1,043,705)	-	90,131		(22,398,458)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	24,016,	142	(712,284)		(10,132)		23,293,726
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,610,	500 \$	(397,036)	\$	(67,339)	\$	24,146,125

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Function:

General and administrative	\$ 26,609
Public safety	206,769
Public works	144,486
Health, recreation and welfare	209,635
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$587,499
Business-type Activities:	
Water	\$550,351
Sewer	353,598
Gas	<u> 139,756</u>
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$1,043,705

#### 3. D. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses reported by governmental funds at June 30, 2015, consisted of accrued salaries and related accrued payroll expenses.

#### 3. E. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PENSION PLAN

Plan description. Employees of Savannah are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.state.tn.us.

Benefits provided. Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

(Exclude the COLA language if COLA is not included by the governmental entity)

Employees covered by benefit terms. At the measurement date of June 30, 2014, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	44
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	55
Active employees	79
	178

The plan is closed to new entrants.

Contributions. Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. Savannah makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2015, employer contributions for Savannah were \$187,496 based on a rate of 6.11 percent of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept Savannah's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's actuarially determined contribution (ADC) and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

#### **Net Pension Liability (Asset)**

Savannah's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age,

including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent.

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including

inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustment 2.5 percent (USE only if COLA is provided)

Mortality rates were based on actual experience from the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study adjusted for some of the expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
	<del>-</del>	100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be

made at the current rate and that contributions from Savannah will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)**

			Inc	rease (Decrease)			
	Т	Total Pension Liability		lan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)		
		(a)		(b)		(a) -(b)	
Balance at 6/30/13 Changes for the year:	\$	11,138,799	\$	10,564,905	\$	573,894	
Service cost		287,837				287,837	
Interest		843,912				843,912	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience		(104,761)				(104,761)	
Contributions-		, ,					
employer				192,931		(192,931)	
Contributions-				J			
employees				158,401		(158,401)	
Net investment income				1,752,329		(1,752,329)	
Benefit payments,							
including refunds of employee contributions		(348,952)		(348,952)		_	
Administrative expense		(340,932)		(3,513)		3,513	
Net changes		678,036		1,751,196		(1,073,160)	
		2.0,000		.,. 31,100		(1,370,100)	
Balance at 6/30/14	\$	11,816,835	\$	12,316,101	\$	(499,266)	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net position liability (asset) of Savannah calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)					
Savannah's net pension								
liability (asset)	\$ 1,043,151	\$ (499,266)	\$ (1,795,499)					

# Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows Of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension income. For the year ended June 30, 2015, Savannah recognized pension income of \$22,431.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. For the year ended June 30, 2015, Savannah reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ir	Deferred of the sources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	89,795
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		768,003
Contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date of June 30, 2014		187,496	(not	applicable)
	\$ :	187,496	\$	857,798

The amount shown above for "Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014," will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30:

2016	\$ (206,967)
2017	(206,967)
2018	(206,967)
2019	(206,967)
2020	(14,966)
Thereafter	(14,966)

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, Savannah did not report a payable to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### 3.F CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Construction commitments. The City has active grant and construction projects as of June 30, 2015. The projects include flood mitigation project (2012 Disaster Recovery Project), historic district pedestrian project, veterans park memorial project, and Tennessee Main Street Facade.

At yearend, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows for governmental funds:

Project	Spent-to-Date		Remaining	Funding Source
Flood mitigation	\$	861,528	\$388,472 (estimate)	2012 Disaster Recovery Grant
Historic District sidewalk	\$	78,179	\$975,821 (estimate)	City funds and TDOT E. Grant
Veterans Memorial Park III	\$	68,291	\$406,709 (estimate)	City funds
Tennessee Main Street Façade	<u>\$</u>	4,589	\$35,411 (estimate)	City funds
Total Construction in Process	\$	1,012,587	•	•

Construction in progress in the business-type activities of \$562,852 is comprised of \$111,118 gas, \$92,027 sewer, and \$359,707 water. The majority of these construction commitments are for ongoing projects to relocate lines. City utility funds and TDOT are the funding sources.

#### 3. G. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance is carried for employees bonds and certain property destruction and employee health and accident claims. The City also participates in the Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool, a public entity risk pool, for errors and omissions, automobile liability and physical damage, workers compensation, and employees' liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the three past fiscal years. The Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool has been self-sustaining through member premiums. Members consist of local jurisdiction municipalities and utility districts in the state. Members are responsible for a pro-rata portion of claims which exceed the Pool's reserves. No additional assessments have ever been made by the Pool to its members as a result of losses experienced.

The City maintains the Employee Dental Insurance Fund to account for the City's employee dental care coverage program. Revenues are recognized from payroll deductions and City contributions.

Changes in the claims liability for all employees are as follows:

	Beginning	(	Claims				Ending		
	Balance	lı lı	Incurred		yments	Balance			
Dental claims	\$ -	\$	35,543	\$	35,543	\$	-		

#### 3. H. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The government issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental funds and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 5 to 20 years.

General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 are as follows.

#### **Governmental Activities:**

**General Obligation Bonds** 

	Sale Date	Original Borrowing	Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity	Outstanding 6/30/2015
1999 Series			3.89%		\$ 1,285,927
2012 Series	2012	\$ 2,495,000	2.00-3.00%	2036	2,315,000
					\$ 3,600,927
Business-type Activities: General Obligation Bonds			Interest		
	Sale	Original	Rates to	Final	Outstanding
	Date	_Borrowing_	_Maturity_	<b>Maturity</b>	6/30/2015
2012 Series (Refunding)	2012	\$ 7,315,000	1.00-3.00%	2036	\$ 6,775,000

#### **Governmental Activities**

As of June 30, 2015, the governmental long-term debt of the City consisted of the following:

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

1999 TML Bond Series due in 2029, bearing an interest rate of 3.89%.	\$ 1,285,927
2012 Bond Series due in 2036, bearing an interest rate of 2.00%-3.00%	2,315,000
2012 Bond Series Reoffering Premium	56,794
Other Debt	
Compensated absences	190,979
Landfill closure costs	 203,293
Total Government Activity Debt	\$ 4,051,993

The liability for general obligation bonds and compensated absences is fully liquidated by the general fund while the liability for landfill closure costs is fully liquidated by the solid waste fund.

#### **Business-type Activities**

As of June 30, 2015, the business-type long-term debt of the City consisted of the following:

#### **Business-type Activities**

#### **Revenue Bonds**

Total Business-type Activites	\$ 11,134,151
Compensated absenses	126,196
Other Debt	
State Revolving Fund Loan, interest rate of 1.84%, due in monthly installments over 20 years	1,213,328
2001 Adjustable Rate Pooled Financing Revenue Bonds, dated February 27, 2002, due May 25, 2003, through May 25, 2022, at prime rate.	464,000
Notes Payable	
2012 Water and Sewer GOB, Series 2012, Reoffering Premium	162,887
2012 Water and Sewer General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012, Refunding, dated June 30, 2013 due June 30, 2013, through June 30, 2036 at 1.00% - 3.00%.	6,775,000
General Obligation Bonds	
2010 Sewer System Revenue and Tax Deficiency Bond, dated March 11, 2010, due October 13, 2010, through September 13, 2048, at 3.25%.	507,293
2010 Sewer System Revenue and Tax Deficiency Bond, dated December 8, 2010, due January 8, 2011, through December 8, 2048, at 3.00%.	335,447
2009 Water and Gas System Revenue and Tax Deficiency Bond, dated December 17, 2009, due June 1, 2010, through June 30, 2024, at 3.295%.	\$ 1,550,000

## **Changes in Long-Term Debt**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Covernmental tune Activities	Balance 7/1/2014		sues or	Do	tirements	Balance 6/30/2015		Due within	
Governmental-type Activities	 	A	uditions			-			ne year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,766,055	\$	-	\$	165,128	\$	3,600,927	\$	168,010
Series 2012 Premium	59,565		-		2,771		56,794		-
Landfill Closure Costs	207,996		-		4,703		203,293		-
Compensated Absences	178,991		11,988		-		190,979		
Total governmental-type activies	 4,212,607		11,988	172,602		4,051,993			168,010
Business-type Activities									
Revenue Bonds	2,516,902		-		124,162		2,392,740		134,604
General Obligation Bonds	7,020,000		-		245,000		6,775,000		245,000
Series 2012 Premium	170,833		-		7,946		162,887		-
Notes Payable	1,787,680		-		110,352		1,677,328		114,396
Compensated Absences	129,289		-		3,093		126,196		-
Total governmental-type activies	11,624,704				490,553		11,134,151		494,000
Total	\$ 15,837,311	\$	11,988	\$	663,155	\$	15,186,144	\$	662,010

# **Annual Requirements to Retire Debt Outstanding**

The annual aggregate maturities for bonds and notes payable for the years subsequent to June 30, 2015, are as follows:

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

Year Ending	G	overnmental-	Type	Activities		<b>Business-Ty</b>	tivities			
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$	168,010	\$	85,242	\$	245,000	\$	158,188	\$	656,440
2017		171,011		81,533		250,000		153,287		655,831
2018		174,135		77,748		255,000		148,288		655,171
2019		172,387		73,889		265,000 143,187			654,463	
2020		180,774		70,046		275,000		137,887		663,707
2021-2025		984,736		287,452		1,460,000		604,838		3,337,026
2026-2030		964,874		169,904		1,655,000		445,062		3,234,840
2031-2035		645,000		76,187		1,940,000		231,328		2,892,515
2036-2040		140,000		4,200		430,000		12,899		587,099
	\$	3,600,927	\$	926,201	\$	6,775,000	\$	2,034,964	\$	13,337,092

	Revenue	Bond	<u>'s</u>		<u>Notes Payable</u>											
	Business-typ	ss-type Activities			Business-type Activities											
Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	lı	Interest		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		· li	nterest		Total
2016	\$ 134,604	\$	77,656		\$	114,396	\$	45,090	\$	371,746						
2017	140,071		74,309			118,464		41,272		374,116						
2018	145,552		70,454			122,544		37,342		375,892						
2019	151,049		66,056			126,648		33,288		377,041						
2020	156,561		61,359			130,776		29,210		377,906						
2021-2025	891,095		222,408			475,484		79,346		1,668,333						
2026-2030	206,611		101,929			357,924		38,256		704,720						
2031-2035	124,778		79,963			231,092		6,623		442,456						
2036-2040	146,043		58,697			_		-								
2041-2045	170,941		33,800			-		-								
2046-2050	 125,435		6,653													
	\$ 2,392,740	\$	853,284	·	\$	1,677,328	\$	310,427	\$	4,692,210						

#### 3. I. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

#### **Operating Transfers**

The General Fund made an operating transfer to the Debt Service – Sinking Fund in the amount of \$234,139 and to the Drug Fund in the amount of \$20,000. Also, the General Fund received transfers in the amount of \$20,540, \$36,143, and \$74,165 from the Sewer, Water and Gas Funds respectively for inlieu of tax payments.

#### **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

DUE TO:	Drug	Gas	Water	Totals
DUE FROM:				
General Solid Waste	\$ 8,995 -	\$ - 1,277	\$ -	\$ 8,995
Gas	-	-	1,023	1,023
Sewer	, <del>-</del>	5,233		5,233
Water	_	5,344		5,344
Totals	\$ 8,995	\$ 11,854	\$1,023	\$ 20,595

The due to/froms originated in the current year from misclassifications of items in the wrong fund. These balances are all expected to be repaid within one year.

#### 3.J. FUND BALANCE REPORTING

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

- 1. Nonspendable fund balance is associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned).
- 2. Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by formal action (ordinance) of the Board of Commissioners (the City's highest level of decision-making authority).
- 4. Assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned amounts are determined by the Board of Commissioners.
- 5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

#### **NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES**

#### 4. A. ACCOUNTING CHANGES

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement 25, and Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Statement 67, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013, revises existing standards of financial reporting by state and local government pension plans and will be adopted by the pension plan itself. Statement 68 will affect the governments that participate as employers in these plans and is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. For governments to adopt Statement 68, the underlying pension plans must first adopt Statement 67. These statements establish a definition of a pension plan that reflects the primary activities associated with the pension arrangement – determining pensions, accumulated and managing assets dedicated for pensions, and paying benefits to plan members as they come due. Statement 68 details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with liabilities (payables) to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions. The objective of Statement 68 is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. These pension standards include significant changes to how governmental employers will report liabilities related to pension obligations.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement 68.

#### 4. B. LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE COSTS

In prior years, the City has operated a landfill jointly with Hardin County. This landfill has been closed. State and federal laws and regulations required the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The City will report a portion of postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each fiscal year. The City has recognized postclosure costs of \$203,293 as a liability in the long-term governmental debt on the government-wide financial statement. These amounts are based on what it would currently cost to perform all postclosure care. Actual cost may differ due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations.

#### 4. C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is a defendant in one lawsuit brought against it. The City cannot predict the outcome of this case and it is possible losses could be incurred. The amount of such possible losses is estimated to be around \$30,000.

In the 2010 fiscal year, the City agreed to purchase the Louie Black property for \$535,000 from Hardin County, to take possession of the parcels of property known as North Elementary, and to give a portion of Savannah's share of the local option sales tax to Hardin County for debt service of the Hardin County School Building and Improvement Project in the principal amount of \$4,000,000.

The City entered into a tax increment financing agreement along with Hardin County and SIDC in 2006 to finance a local business's purchase of land. The assessed values of that property as well as adjoining properties (collectively, the "plan area") are expected to substantially increase which should result in greater property tax collections. Future annual property tax collections for that plan area that exceed the annual collections prior to development have been committed for repayment of the debt as financed by SIDC.

#### 4. D. RESTATEMENTS

In prior years, the government was not required to recognize a liability for its defined benefit pension plans. However, with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, government employers are required to recognize a net pension liability in their Statement of Net Position. Therefore, a restatement decreasing the government-wide beginning net position by \$216,387 has been recognized on the Statement of Activities. In addition, a restatement decreasing the proprietary funds' beginning net positions by the amounts listed below have been recognized on the Statement of Activities:

 Water Fund
 \$ 72,383

 Sewer Fund
 \$ 36,572

 Natural Gas Fund
 \$ 55,621

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

		2014
Total pension liability		
Service Cost	\$	287,837
Interest		843,912
Changes in benefit terms		(404.704)
Differences between actual and expected experience		(104,761)
Change of assumptions		- (249.0E2)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(348,952) 678,036
Net change in total pension liability	4.	•
Total pension liability - beginning		1,138,799
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<b>→</b>	1,816,835
Plan fidiciary net position Contributions - employer	\$	192,931
Contributions - employee		158,401
Net investment income		1,752,329
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions  Administrative expense		(348,952)
Net change in plan fidiciary net position		(3,513) 1,751,196
Plan fidiciary net position - beginning		0,564,905
Plan fidiciary net position - ending (b)		2,316,101
rian nationary net position - enaing (b)	Ψ 12	2,010,101
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(499,266)
Plan fidiciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		104.23%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3	3,168,010
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.76%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

	2014	2015			
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 192,931	\$	187,496		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 192,931	-	187,496		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,168,010	\$	3,068,676		
Contributions as a percentage to covered payroll	6.09%		6.11%		

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates for were calculated based on

the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Frozen initial liability

Amortization method Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)

Remaining amortization period 6 years

Asset valuation 10-year smoothed within a 20 percent corridor to market value

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on

age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.5 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Pattern of retirement determined by experience study

Mortality Customized table based on actual experience including an

adjustment for some anticipated improvement

Cost of living adjustments 2.5 percent

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Police Drug Sin			ot Service Sinking Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash	\$	39,091	\$	25,874	\$	64,965	
Due from other fund TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,995 48,086	\$	25,874	\$	8,995 73,960	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  LIABILITIES  Accounts payable  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES Restricted Police Drug Fund Debt Service TOTAL FUND BALANCE		48,086 - 48,086		- 25,874 25,874		48,086 25,874 73,960	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	48,086	\$	25,874	\$	73,960	

# CITY OF SAVANNAH TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Special Revenue Police Debt Service Drug Sinking Fund Fund				Total Other Governmental Funds		
Revenues: Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	5,345	\$	_	\$	5,345		
Other revenue		46		-		46		
Total Revenues		5,391		•		5,391		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		6,224		_		6,224		
Debt service		-		234,139		234,139		
Capital outlay		22,475		-		22,475		
Total Expenditures		28,699	-	234,139		262,838		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(23,308)		(234,139)	-	(257,447)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of equipment								
Operating transfer in		20,000		-		- 254 120		
Operating transfer in		20,000		234,139		254,139		
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		20,000	-	234,139		254,139		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,308)		-		(3,308)		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		51,394		25,874		77,268		
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u> </u>	48,086	\$	25,874	\$	73,960		

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE POLICE DRUG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET AND ACTUAL** YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Budgeted A	Amounts	- Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	С	riginal	Final				
Revenues:							
Drug fines	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000	\$	5,345	\$	(9,655)
Seized cash		1,000	1,000		-		(1,000)
Seized property		15,000	15,000		-		(15,000)
Interest income		50	50		46		(4)
Total Revenues		31,050	31,050		5,391		(25,659)
Expenditures:							
Public Safety:							
Salaries		10,000	10,000		-		10,000
OASI		750	750		-		750
Retirement		500	500		-		500
Out of town expense		500	500		3,595		(3,095)
Memberships, fees, and tuition		-	-		1,200		(1,200)
Supplies		2,500	2,000		1,359		641
Clothing		400	400		70		330
Motor vehicle		7,500	7,500		-		7,500
Small equipment		1,000	1,000		<u>-</u>		1,000
Capital outlay		15,000	15,000		22,475		(7,475)
Total Expenditures		38,150	37,650		28,699		8,951
Other Financing Sources and Uses:							
Sale of equipment		-	-		-		-
Operating transfer in		20,000	20,000		20,000		_
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		20,000	20,000		20,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	***************************************	12,900	13,400		(3,308)		(16,708)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<b>West Street Constitution</b>	51,394	51,394		51,394		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	64,294	\$ 64,794		48,086		(16,708)

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE DEBT SERVICE - SINKING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues: Miscellaneous income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total Revenues	- -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Expenditures: Debt Service: Principal payments Interest payments Bond issue costs	165,128 88,879 600	165,128 88,879 600	165,128 68,522 489	- 20,357 111_	
Total Expenditures	254,607	254,607	234,139	20,468	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(254,607)	(254,607)	(234,139)	20,468	
Other Financing Sources and Uses: Operating transfer in	254,607	254,607	234,139	(20,468)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	25,874	25,874	25,874	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 25,874	\$ 25,874	\$ 25,874	\$ -	

### CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Levy for Year	Tax Rate	Assessments	Original Tax Levy	Outstanding Taxes Beginning		Taxes Levied	eleases and ustments	Collections		utstanding Taxes Ending
2015	\$ 0.7000	\$ 121,858,362	\$ 853,044	\$ -	\$	853,044	\$ -	\$ -	\$	853,044
2014	0.7000	119,184,749	852,606	854,190		46,894	(204)	845,207		55,673
2013	0.7000	119,184,749	834,298	66,859		-	1,115	44,923		23,051
2012	0.7000	119,184,749	834,298	24,429		-	-	10,517		13,912
2011	0.7000	118,193,522	827,354	13,985		-	-	2,788		11,197
2010	0.0700	118,483,507	829,400	11,366		-	-	1,624		9,742
2009	0.7258	118,497,250	829,500	6,114		-	-	731		5,383
2008	0.9300	89,280,805	843,043	5,742		-	-	304		5,438
2007	0.9300	89,280,805	830,330	3,444		-	-	93		3,351
2006	0.9300	92,581,295	819,944	3,417		-	-	99		3,318
2005	0.7300	89,104,342	625,854	2,020		-	-	204		1,816
2004	0.7300	86,246,121	629,628	1,674			 (1,674)			
				\$ 993,240	_\$_	899,938	\$ (763)	\$ 906,490	_\$_	985,925

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT JUNE 30, 2015

Year Ending			Bonds s 1999		General Obligation Bonds Series 2012			Total				
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest	Р	rincipal	li	nterest	F	Principal	I	nterest
2016	\$	73,010	\$	31,404	\$	95,000	\$	53,838	\$	168,010	\$	85,242
2017		76,011		29,595		95,000		51,938		171,011		81,533
2018		79,135		27,711		95,000		50,037		174,135		77,748
2019		82,387		25,751		90,000		48,138		172,387.		73,889
2020		85,774		23,709		95,000		46,337		180,774		70,046
2021		89,299		21,584		95,000		44,438		184,299		66,022
2022		92,969		19,371		100,000		42,537		192,969		61,908
2023		96,790		17,068		100,000		40,538		196,790		57,606
2024		100,768		14,669		100,000		38,537		200,768		53,206
2025		104,910		12,172		105,000		36,538		209,910		48,710
2026		109,222		9,573		105,000		34,437		214,222		44,010
2027		113,711		6,867		110,000		32,206		223,711		39,073
2028		118,384		4,049		110,000		29,731		228,384		33,780
2029		63,557		1,116		115,000		27,256		178,557		28,372
2030		_		-		120,000		24,669		120,000		24,669
2031		-		-		120,000		21,819		120,000		21,819
2032		_		-		125,000		18,819		125,000		18,819
2033		_		_		130,000		15,537		130,000		15,537
2034		-		-		135,000		11,962		135,000		11,962
2035		-		-		135,000		8,250		135,000		8,250
2036		-		_		140,000		4,200		140,000		4,200
	\$	1,285,927	\$	244,639	\$	2,315,000	\$	681,762	\$	3,600,927	\$	926,401

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS - WATER FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	Serie	s 2009	Series T	MBF 2001	Series	s 2012	То	tals
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 78,000	\$ 33,353	\$ 57,000	\$ 23,250	\$ 213,150	\$ 137,623	\$ 348,150	\$ 194,226
2017	81,250	31,481	60,000	20,500	217,500	133,360	358,750	185,341
2018	84,500	29,287	63,000	17,650	221,850	129,010	369,350	175,947
2019	87,750	26,752	66,000	14,700	230,550	124,573	384,300	166,025
2020	91,000	24,032	69,000	11,750	239,250	119,962	399,250	155,744
2021	94,250	21,075	73,000	8,700	243,600	115,177	410,850	144,952
2022	100,750	17,894	76,000	950	247,950	110,305	424,700	129,149
2023	104,000	14,367	-	-	252,300	105,346	356,300	119,713
2024	107,250	10,623	-	-	261,000	100,300	368,250	110,923
2025	113,750	6,736	-	-	265,350	95,080	379,100	101,816
2026	65,000	2,470	-	-	274,050	89,773	339,050	92,243
2027	-	-	-	-	278,400	83,950	278,400	83,950
2028	-	-	-	-	287,100	77,686	287,100	77,686
2029	-	-	-	-	295,800	71,226	295,800	71,226
2030	-	-	-	-	304,500	64,570	304,500	64,570
2031	-	-	-	-	317,550	57,338	317,550	57,338
2032	-	-	-	-	326,250	49,400	326,250	49,400
2033	-	-	-	-	334,950	40,836	334,950	40,836
2034	-	-	-	-	348,000	31,625	348,000	31,625
2035	-	-	-	-	361,050	22,055	361,050	22,055
2036	_	-	_	_	374,100	11,223	374,100	11,223
	\$ 1,007,500	\$ 218,070	\$ 464,000	\$ 97,500	\$ 5,894,250	\$ 1,770,418	\$ 7,365,750	\$ 2,085,988

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS - SEWER FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	RUS	92-12	RUS	92-14	SRF Series 2		2012	To	otals	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 5,917	\$ 9,983	\$ 8,687	\$ 16,361	\$ 57,396	\$ 21,840	\$ 31,850	\$ 20,565	\$ 103,850	\$ 68,749
2017	6,097	9,803	8,974	16,074	58,464	20,772	32,500	19,927	106,035	66,576
2018	6,282	9,618	9,270	15,779	59,544	19,692	33,150	19,278	108,246	64,367
2019	6,474	9,426	9,575	15,473	60,648	18,588	34,450	18,614	111,147	62,101
2020	6,670	9,230	9,891	15,157	61,776	17,460	35,750	17,925	114,087	59,772
2021	6,873	9,027	10,218	14,831	62,916	16,320	36,400	17,211	116,407	57,389
2022	7,082	8,818	10,555	14,493	64,092	15,144	37,050	16,482	118,779	54,937
2023	7,298	8,602	10,903	14,145	65,280	13,956	37,700	15,742	121,181	52,445
2024	7,520	8,380	11,263	13,786	66,480	12,756	39,000	14,987	124,263	49,909
2025	7,749	8,151	11,634	13,414	67,716	11,520	39,650	14,208	126,749	47,293
2026	7,984	7,916	12,018	13,030	68,976	10,260	40,950	13,414	129,928	44,620
2027	8,227	7,673	12,414	12,634	70,260	8,976	41,600	12,544	132,501	41,827
2028	8,477	7,423	12,824	12,224	71,556	7,680	42,900	11,608	135,757	38,935
2029	8,735	7,165	13,247	11,801	72,888	6,348	44,200	10,643	139,070	35,957
2030	9,001	6,899	13,684	11,364	74,244	4,992	45,500	9,648	142,429	32,903
2031	9,275	6,625	14,135	10,913	75,624	3,612	47,450	8,568	146,484	29,718
2032	9,557	6,343	14,602	10,447	77,028	2,208	48,750	7,382	149,937	26,380
2033	9,847	6,053	15,083	9,965	78,440	803	50,050	6,102	153,420	22,923
2034	10,147	5,753	15,581	9,467	-	-	52,000	4,726	77,728	19,946
2035	10,456	5,444	16,095	8,953	-	-	53,950	3,296	80,501	17,693
2036	10,774	5,126	16,626	8,422	-	-	55,900	1,676	83,300	15,224
2037	11,101	4,799	17,174	7,874	-	-	-	-	28,275	12,673
2038	11,439	4,461	17,741	7,307	-	-	-	-	29,180	11,768
2039	11,787	4,113	18,326	6,722	-	-	-	-	30,113	10,835
2040	12,145	3,755	18,930	6,118	-	-	-	-	31,075	9,873
2041	12,515	3,385	19,555	5,493	-	-	-	-	32,070	8,878
2042	12,895	3,005	20,200	4,848	-	-	-	-	33,095	7,853
2043	13,288	2,612	20,867	4,182	-	-	-	-	34,155	6,794
2044	13,692	2,208	21,555	3,493	-	-	-	-	35,247	5,701
2045	14,108	1,792	22,266	2,782	-	-	-	-	36,374	4,574
2046	14,537	1,363	23,001	2,048	-	-	-	-	37,538	3,411
2047	14,979	921	23,759	1,289	-	-	-	-	38,738	2,210
2048	15,435	465	24,543	505	-	-	-	-	39,978	970
2049	7,084	56_	2,097	6_	-		-	_	9,181	62
	\$335,447	\$ 196,393	\$ 507,293	\$ 321,400	\$ 1,213,328	\$212,927	\$ 880,750	\$ 264,546	\$2,936,818	\$ 995,266

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS - GAS FUND JUNE 30, 2015

Year Ending	Series	200	9
June 30,	 Principal		Interest
2016	\$ 42,000	\$	17,959
2017	43,750		16,951
2018	45,500		15,770
2019	47,250		14,405
2020	49,000		12,940
2021	50,750		11,348
2022	54,250		9,635
2023	56,000		7,736
2024	57,750		5,720
2025	61,250		3,627
2026	35,000		1,330
	\$ 542,500	\$	117,421

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES FILED WITH CHANCERY COURT JUNE 30, 2015

Tax Year	Outstanding Balance
2014	\$ 55,673
2013	23,051
2012	13,912
2011	11,197
2010	9,742
2009	5,383
2008	5,438
2007	3,351
2006	3,318
2005	1,816_
Total	<u>\$ 132,881</u>

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF UTILITY RATES IN FORCE JUNE 30, 2015

WATER RATES	
RESIDENTIAL Inside City Limits No usage Any usage	\$9.00 (Minimum Bill) \$2.57 per 1,000 Gallons
Outside City Limits No usage Any usage	\$18.00 (Minimum Bill) \$3.61 per 1,000 Gallons
INDUSTRIAL/COMMERCIAL Inside City Limits No usage 1 - 50,000 gallons > 50,000 gallons	\$12.00 (Minimum Bill) \$2.57 per 1,000 Gallons \$2.25 per 1,000 Gallons
Outside City Limits No usage 1 - 50,000 gallons > 50,000 gallons	\$24.00 (Minimum Bill) \$2.57 per 1,000 Gallons \$2.25 per 1,000 Gallons
Number of Customers at Year End:	7,524
SEWER RATES INSIDE CITY LIMITS	
No usage Any usage	\$4.16 (Minimum Bill) \$5.54 per 1,000 Gallons
Flat Rate - Well Water without Sewer - Well Water with Sewer	\$26.39 \$26.39
Number of Customers at Year End:	3,438
NATURAL GAS RATE	s
0 - 500 Cubic Feet Next 399,500 Cubic Feet All over 400,000 Cubic Feet	\$3.81 (Minimum Bill) 7.61 per 1,000 Cubic Feet \$6.75 per 1,000 Cubic Feet
Note: The Commissioners have approved for the Utility I monthly to current costs due to the volatility of natual gas the month of June 30, 2015.	
Number of Customers at Year End:	5,573
SANITATION RATES	}
Residential Constant Rate Commercial (Light Solid Waste Generator) One Weekly Pickup Each Additional Weekly Pickup Commercial/Industrial (Heavy Solid Waste Generator)	\$13.00 per Month \$22.00 per Month \$22.00
Rate varies as determined by contracted amount with pricontractor.	ivate

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Number of Customers at Year End:

3,268

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH AWWA FREE WATER AUDIT SOFWARE: REPORTING WORKSHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	Water Audit rting Worksh				W American Water Wor	/AS v5.0 rks Associat
Click to access definition   Water Audit Report for: City of Savant   Click to add a comment   Reporting Year: 2015	nah Utilities (00006 7/2014 - 6/2015	611) 			]	
Please enter data in the white cells below. Where available, metered values should be used; the input data by grading each component (n/a or 1-10) using the drop-down list to the left of All volumes to be entere	the input cell. Hover th	e mouse over the cell	to obtain a descrip	cate your confiden ition of the grades	ce in the accuracy	of
To select the correct data grading for each input, determin where the utility meets or exceeds <u>all</u> criteria for that grade ar	nd all grades below			leter and Supply		nts
Volume from own sources:	754.594 0.000	MG/Yr		nt: 00%	Value:	MG/Yr MG/Yr MG/Yr
WATER SUPPLIED:	739.798	54 39	Enter ne	gative % or valu		stration
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION		I MOLTI	Litter po		here:	
Billed metered: 4 7 7 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	496.570 4.836 19.158	MG/Yr	Pcr	for he butto	elp using option ns below Value:	
Unbilled unmetered: 🛨 ?	9.247	MG/Yr MG/Yr		25% (0)()	value.	MG/Yr
FALSE  AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION: 2	529.811	MG/Yr			buttons to select age of water supp OR value	
WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption)	209.987	MG/Yr	Pcr	. [	Value:	
Unauthorized consumption: FALSE	1.849	MG/Yr	The state of the s	25% 🔘 🔾	Value.	MG/Yr
Customer metering inaccuracies: 7 6 Systematic data handling errors: 7 7	21.489 1.241	MG/Yr MG/Yr		00% <b>()</b>		MG/Yr
Apparent Losses:	24.580	MG/Yr				
Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL)		***				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses:  WATER LOSSES:	185.407 209.987	MG/Yr MG/Yr				
NON-REVENUE WATER  NON-REVENUE WATER:	238.392	MCAG				
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered  SYSTEM DATA	5 (-	MO/11			\$1805.17 11.00	
Length of mains:  Number of active AND inactive service connections:  Service connection density:  Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property	600.0 9,083 15	miles				
Average length of customer service line:  Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and Average operating pressure:	Yes a data grading sco	that is the re ore of 10 has been	rvice line, <u>beyond</u> sponsibility of the <b>applied</b>		dary,	
COST DATA					1111	7
Total annual cost of operating water system:  Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses):  Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses):  8	\$2,664,741 \$4.24 \$423.60	\$/Year \$/1000 gallons (US \$/Million gallons	S) ]Use Customer Retail	Unit Cost to value re	eal losses	
WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE:		2 (2 Section 5)				
*** YOUR SCO	RE IS: 79 out of 100	) ***				
A weighted scale for the components of consumption and wate  PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the follow  1: Volume from own sources		e calculation of the Wat	ter Audit Data Vali	dity Score		
2. Billed metered						
3: Customer metering inaccuracies						

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH AWWA FREE WATER AUDIT SOFTWARE: SYSTEM ATTRIBUTES AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS JUNE 30, 2015

	Water Audit Report for: City of Savannah Utilities (0000611)	
	Reporting Year: 2015 7/2014 - 6/20:	15
	*** YOUR WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE IS	: 0 out of 100 ***
System Attributes:	Apparent Losses:	24.580 MG/Yr
	+ Real Losses:	185.407 MG/Yr
	= Water Losses:	209.987 MG/Yr
	Unavoidable Annual Real Losses (UARL):	201.85] MG/Yr
	Annual cost of Apparent Losses:	\$ 104,217
	Annual cost of Real Losses:	\$ 78,538 Valued at Variable Production Cost
Performance Indicators:		Return to Reporting Worksheet to change this assumpiton
renormance mulcators:		
Financial:	Non-revenue water as percent by volume of Water Supplied:	32.2%
	Non-revenue water as percent by cost of operating system:	7.3% Real Losses valued at Variable Production Cost
		ALLENDER SOURCE DE SOURCE
r	Apparent Losses per service connection per day:	7.41 gallons/connection/day
Operational Efficiency	Apparent Losses per service connection per day: Real Losses per service connection per day:	7.41 gallons/connection/day  N/A gallons/connection/day
Operational Efficiency:		
	Real Losses per service connection per day:	N/A gallons/connection/day
Operational Efficiency:	Real Losses per service connection per day: Real Losses per length of main per day*:	N/A gallons/connection/day  846.61 gallons/mile/day

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Contract Number	Expenditures
<u>Federal Awards</u>			
United States Department of Housing & Urban Dev CDBG - Disaster Recovery	14.228	33004-80113	\$ 753,828
United States Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction - Highway Planning and Construction - State Route 128 sewer Highway Planning and Construction - State Route 128 water Highway Planning and Construction - State Route 128 gas Total for Program 20.205	20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205	STP-M-5729(10) NH-128(27) NH-128(27) NH-128(27)	189,242 16,591 16,466 18,143 240,442
Law Enforcement Equipment Savannah Police Department DUI Enforcement Total for Program 20.616	20.616 20.616	Z14GHS300 Z15GHS309	8,059 13,284 21,343
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			1,015,613
State Financial Assistance			
Department of Transportation  Highway Planning and Construction - State Route 128 sewer  Highway Planning and Construction - State Route 128 water  Highway Planning and Construction - State Route 128 gas  Total for Program 20.205	n/a n/a n/a	NH-128(27) NH-128(27) NH-128(27)	4,148 4,116 4,536 12,800
State Law Enforcement Supplement	n/a	n/a	18,600
TOTAL STATE AWARDS			31,400
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS			\$ 1,047,013

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance summarizes the expenditures of the City under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2015. The schedule is presented using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.



Phone 731.925.6547 Fax 731.925.9524

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Savannah, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Savannah, Tennessee (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the relate notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2016.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001 to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described above. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hodin ? Associates, PLLC

#### **PRIOR YEAR DISPOSITIONS**

2014-002 INCORRECTLY PREPARED BANK RECONCILIATIONS – corrected. 2014-003 UNTIMELY BANK RECONCILATION – corrected.

February 10, 2016



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Commissioners Savannah, Tennessee

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Savannah, Tennessee's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Assurates, PLLC

February 10, 2016

## CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2015

# **Financial Statement Findings**

Finding Number	Finding Title	Status
2014 - 001	Inadequate Segregation of Duties	Repeated
	(original finding #2014-01)	
2014 - 002	Incorrectly Prepared Bank Reconciliations	Corrected
	(original finding #2014-02)	
2014 - 003	Untimely Bank Reconciliations	Corrected
	(original finding #2014-03)	

# **Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

There was no single audit in the prior year; therefore, there were no prior findings reported.

#### CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **SECTION I – Summary of Auditor's Results**

- (a) Type of report issued on the financial statements: Unqualified
- (b) The audit of the financial statements did disclose one weakness in internal control which was considered a material weakness and no significant deficiencies.
- (c) The audit of the financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance which were material to the financial statements.
- (d) The audit did not disclose any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major programs.
- (e) Type of report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified
- (f) The audit did not disclose any findings required to be reported under Circular A-133, Section 510(a).
- (g) Major programs:

  CFDA 14.228 Community Development Block Grants/State's Program
- (h) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000
- (i) The auditee did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

#### **SECTION II – Financial Statement Findings**

#### 2015-001 INADEQUATE SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

The operating structure of the City does not provide adequate segregation of duties between persons with access to assets and those responsible for reconciling records and recording transactions.

**Recommendation:** Adequate systems of internal control require segregation between individuals with access to assets from those who maintain accounting controls over the assets. The Board and/or the City Manager should review and document their review of each month's transactions and reconciliations in appropriate detail. See *Internal Control and Compliance Manual for Tennessee Municipalities* Title 5, Chapter 1, page 32.

#### <u>SECTION III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs</u> NONE

# CITY OF SAVANNAH, TENNESSEE CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2015

# 2015-001 INADEQUATE SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Corrective action planned: We will continue to add processes to further segregate duties associated with our financial process.

Anticipated completion date: Immediately